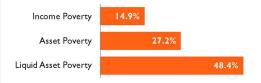




The recession and its aftermath have left unprecedented numbers of Florida families financially insecure: 15% of households are poor. However, even more families in Florida are financially vulnerable. The 2012 *Assets & Opportunity Scorecard* shows that 27% of Floridians are asset poor, meaning that they lack the financial resources – money in the bank, assets in a home or car – to weather a job loss or other emergency. Still more troubling, the *Scorecard* shows that 48% of Floridians are liquid asset poor. Liquid asset poverty is a more realistic picture of the resources families have to meet emergency needs since it excludes assets such as a home, car or business that are not easily converted to cash.



Asset poverty in Florida is 1.8 times higher than income poverty and liquid asset poverty is 3.2 times higher.

# WHAT FLORIDA CAN DO

- **Preserve Homeownership**: To address its worst-place rank for foreclosures, Florida should regulate mortgage servicers and enable land banking to help stabilize communities.
- Increase Incomes and Encourage Savings: To address high rates of income and asset poverty, Florida should enact state tax credits to supplement earnings for working families and remove the disincentive to save for very low-income families by lifting asset limits in two public benefit programs: TANF and family Medicaid.
- Expand Health Care Coverage: To address its high uninsured rate, which is the third worst in the nation, Florida should expand coverage to more low-income people by raising income eligibility thresholds for Medicaid and implementing procedures that facilitate enrollment and renewal of coverage in CHIP and Medicaid.

### ABOUT THE SCORECARD

The Assets & Opportunity Scorecard is a comprehensive look at Americans' financial security today and their opportunities to create a more prosperous future. It assesses the 50 states and the District of Columbia on 101 outcome and policy measures, which describe how well residents are faring and what states can do to help them build and protect assets. These measures are grouped into five issue areas: Financial Assets & Income, Businesses & Jobs, Housing & Homeownership, Health Care, and Education.

For a complete description of all 2012 *Scorecard* measures and sources, including how the grades and ratings were assigned, go to http://scorecard.cfed.org.

# **KEY HIGHLIGHTS**

**27%** 

of Florida households live in asset poverty

61%

of Florida consumers have subprime credit

25%

of jobs in Florida are low-wage jobs

49%

of homeowners in Florida are cost burdened

**25%** 

of people in Florida are uninsured

26%

of adults in Florida have at least a 4-year college degree

Published January 2012

# **FLORIDA**

# **OVERALL RANK: 45**

The *Scorecard* ranks 52 outcome measures from best to worst; #1 is the most desirable, #51 is the least desirable. Data for an additional 16 measures are published, but states are not ranked on these measures due to insufficient data at the state level. Issue area ranks and grades are calculated by averaging the ranks of measures within the issue area. Grades for issue areas are given on a curve: 10 states get As, 10 get Bs, 16 get Cs, 10 get Ds and 5 get Fs. The overall rank is calculated by ranking the sum of the issue area ranks.

# **FINANCIAL ASSETS & INCOME**

# **ISSUE AREA RANK: 46 | GRADE: D**

OUTCOME MEASURE	State Data	U.S. Data STATE RA	ANK
Income Poverty Rate · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14.9% · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14.0%	35
Asset Poverty Rate ·····	27.2%	27.1%	_
Asset Poverty by Race ·····	2.1 x higher for HHs of color	2.2 x higher for HHs of color ·····	_
Asset Poverty by Gender ·····	1.1 x higher for single men ·····	1.1 x higher for single women ·····	_
Asset Poverty by Family Structure ·····	1.7 x higher for 1-parent HHs ·····	2.2 x higher for 1-parent HHs ·····	_
Liquid Asset Poverty Rate ·····	48.4%	43.1%	32
Liquid Asset Poverty by Race	1.8 x higher for HHs of color ·····	1.9 x higher for HHs of color ·····	_
Liquid Asset Poverty by Gender ·····	1.09 x higher for single women	1.09 x higher for single women ·····	_
Liquid Asset Poverty by Family Structure ······	1.7 x higher for 1-parent HHs ·····	1.9 x higher for 1-parent HHs ·····	_
Extreme Asset Poverty Rate ·····	20.6%	19.0%	_
Net Worth · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$71,925	\$70,600	_
Net Worth by Race ·····		12.8 x higher for white HHs	_
Net Worth by Income ·····	32 x higher for top 20%	70 x higher for top 20% ·····	_
Net Worth by Gender ·····	1.8 x higher for single women · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.03 x higher for single men ·····	_
Net Worth by Family Structure ·····		29 x higher for 2-parent HHs ·····	_
Unbanked Households · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7.0% · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7.7%	31
Underbanked Households · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16.8% · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17.9%	23
Consumers with Subprime Credit ·····	60.7% · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	55.8%	41
Borrowers 90+ Days Overdue ·····	7.0%	4.2%	51
Average Credit Card Debt ·····	\$12,339 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$10,852	41
Bankruptcy Rate (per 1,000 people) ·····	5.8	5.0	39

# **BUSINESSES & JOBS**

# ISSUE AREA RANK: 37 | GRADE: D

OUTCOME MEASURE	State Data	U.S. Data STATE RA	<b>ANK</b>
Microenterprise Ownership Rate ·····	20.6%	16.0%	1
Small Business Ownership Rate ·····	1.26%	1.37%	48
Business Ownership by Race ·····	1.1 x higher for white workers ·····	1.5 x higher for white workers ·····	2
Business Ownership by Gender	1.3 x higher for men ·····	1.3 x higher for men · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	26
Business Value by Race · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.7 x higher for white bus. owners ·····	2.6 x higher for white bus. owners	31
Business Value by Gender · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.4 x higher for men ·····	2.6 x higher for men ·····	10
Employee Ownership (per 1,000 firms) ······	0.64 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.46 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	51
Business Creation Rate (per 1,000 workers)	14.2	8.9 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3
Private Loans to Small Business · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$1,151	\$1,322	39
Unemployment Rate ·····	11.1%	9.6%	47
Unemployment by Race ·····	1.6 x higher for people of color · · · · · · · · ·	1.6 x higher for people of color ······	16
Underemployment Rate · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19.3%	16.7%	47
Low-Wage Jobs · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24.8%	22.0%	30
Average Annual Pay · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$41,619	\$46,751	23
Retirement Plan Participation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	36.7%	44.9%	51
Employers Offering Health Insurance ·····	46.2%	53.8%	46

U.S. Data ..... STATE RANK

# **HOUSING & HOMEOWNERSHIP**

OUTCOME MEASURE State Data

# **ISSUE AREA RANK: 37 | GRADE: D**

OO TOOME MEAGOILE	Otate Data	0.0. 20.0	
Homeownership Rate ·····	68.1%	65.4%	22
Homeownership by Race ·····	1.4 x higher for white HHs	1.5 x higher for white HHs	11
Homeownership by Income ·····	1.8 x higher for top 20%	2.2 x higher for top 20% ·····	1
Homeownership by Gender · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.06 x higher for single women	1.03 x higher for single women	_
Homeownership by Family Structure ·····	1.7 x higher for 2-parent HHs ·····	1.9 x higher for 2-parent HHs ·····	10
Foreclosure Rate · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14.49%	4.43%	51
Delinquent Mortgage Loans ·····	4.37%	3.46%	47
High-Cost Mortgage Loans ·····	5.4%	5.2%	31
Affordability of Homes (value/income) ·····	3.7 x higher than median income	3.6 x higher than median income	29
Housing Cost Burden - Homeowners ·····	48.8%	38.0%	49
			51
Housing Cost Burden - Renters  HEALTH CARE	60.4% ······	JE AREA RANK: 50   GRADE:	٠.
HEALTH CARE	ISSU	JE AREA RANK: 50   GRADE:	F
HEALTH CARE OUTCOME MEASURE	ISSU	JE AREA RANK: 50   GRADE:	F
HEALTH CARE  OUTCOME MEASURE  Uninsured Rate	State Data	JE AREA RANK: 50   GRADE:  U.S. Data	F
HEALTH CARE  OUTCOME MEASURE  Uninsured Rate  Uninsured by Race	ISSU	JE AREA RANK: 50   GRADE:	F NK 49
HEALTH CARE  OUTCOME MEASURE  Uninsured Rate  Uninsured by Race  Uninsured by Income	State Data  25.4%  1.7 x higher for people of color  7 x higher for bottom 20%	U.S. Data STATE RA  17.7% STATE RA  2 x higher for people of color	F NK 49 22
HEALTH CARE  OUTCOME MEASURE  Uninsured Rate  Uninsured by Race	State Data  25.4%  1.7 x higher for people of color	U.S. Data STATE RA  17.7% 2 x higher for people of color  10 x higher for bottom 20%	F NK 49 22 10
HEALTH CARE  OUTCOME MEASURE  Uninsured Rate  Uninsured by Race  Uninsured by Income  Uninsured by Gender	State Data  25.4%  1.7 x higher for people of color  7 x higher for bottom 20%  1.2 x higher for men	U.S. Data STATE RA  17.7%  2 x higher for people of color  10 x higher for bottom 20%  1.2 x higher for men	F NK 49 22 10 22
HEALTH CARE  OUTCOME MEASURE  Uninsured Rate  Uninsured by Race  Uninsured by Income  Uninsured by Gender  Uninsured Low-Income Children	State Data  25.4%  1.7 x higher for people of color  7 x higher for bottom 20%  1.2 x higher for men  17.2%	U.S. Data STATE RA  17.7%  2 x higher for people of color  10 x higher for bottom 20%  1.2 x higher for men  11.7%	F NK 49 22 10 22 46
HEALTH CARE  OUTCOME MEASURE  Uninsured Rate  Uninsured by Race  Uninsured by Income  Uninsured by Gender  Uninsured Low-Income Children  Uninsured Low-Income Parents	State Data  25.4%  1.7 x higher for people of color  7 x higher for bottom 20%  1.2 x higher for men  17.2%  42.0%	U.S. Data STATE RA  17.7% 2 x higher for people of color  10 x higher for bottom 20%  1.2 x higher for men  11.7% 33.1%	NK 49 22 10 22 46 43

# **EDUCATION**

# ISSUE AREA RANK: 21 | GRADE: C

OUTCOME MEASURE	State Data	U.S. Data STATE RA	ANK
Early Childhood Education Enrollment ······	42.8%	27.2%	5
Math Proficiency - 8th Grade	27.7%	34.7%	42
Reading Proficiency - 8th Grade · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	29.8%	33.5%	35
High School Degree ·····	85.5%	85.6%	35
Two-Year College Degree · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	34.4%	35.7%	32
Four-Year College Degree · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25.8%	28.2%	33
Four-Year Degree by Race ·····	1.4 x higher for white adults	1.6 x higher for white adults	18
Four-Year Degree by Income ·····	4.5 x higher for top 20% ·····	5.3 x higher for top 20% ·····	16
Four-Year Degree by Gender · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.07 x higher for men · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.02 x higher for men · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
Average College Graduate Debt · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$21,184 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$25,250	14
College Graduates with Debt	49%	65%	9

For a complete description of all 2012 *Scorecard* measures and sources, including how the grades and ratings were assigned, go to <a href="http://scorecard.cfed.org">http://scorecard.cfed.org</a>.

- = "Not Available." Data or ranks are not available because insufficient or unreliable data exist for the state.

N.R. = "Not Ranked." These data are not ranked because the estimate or rank is too imprecise to say with confidence how the state compares to other states.

# **POLICY RATINGS**

The Scorecard includes 33 policy measures: 12 priority policies and 21 additional policies. For policy priorities, states are assessed against criteria for what constitutes a strong policy. Taken together, these policies provide a comprehensive view of what states can do to help residents build and protect assets. Policy priority data are current as of June 30, 2011; additional policy data are drawn from the latest published reports, usually 2010-2011.



Very strong policy



Strong policy, but some room for improvement



Some policy, but much room for improvement



Minimal policy in place



No policy in place

### FINANCIAL ASSETS & INCOME

#### **Policy Priorities**

Tax Credits for Working Families State IDA Program Support



Lifting Asset Limits in Public Benefit Programs



**Protections from Predatory Short-Term** 

#### **Additional Policies**

Income Tax Threshold ... No state income tax

Tax Burden by Income ... The poorest 20% of families pay 6.4 times more of their income in taxes than the top 1% of families

Prize-Linked Savings ... Prize-linked savings not allowed

Paperless Payday ... Paperless payday partially permitted

# **BUSINESSES & JOBS**

### **Policy Priorities**



State Support for Microenterprise

Job Quality Standards

#### **Additional Policies**

Unemployment Benefit Level ... 29.2% of average weekly wage Unemployment Benefit Eligibility ... No expansion of coverage Incentives for Employee Ownership ... No state policy Loans for Beginning Farmers ... No state policy

# **HOUSING & HOMEOWNERSHIP**

#### **Policy Priorities**



Foreclosure Prevention and Protections First-Time Homebuyer Assistance

#### **Additional Policies**

Housing Trust Funds ... Has statewide housing trust fund

Preservation of Affordable Rental Housing ... 9.2% of LIHTC for preservation

Tenant Protections from Foreclosure ... No protections beyond federal law

Property Tax Relief ... No circuit breaker; Tax deferment

Resident Ownership of Manufactured Housing Communities ... Medium strength protections; 45

days closure notice and opportunity to purchase; No tax incentive

# **HEALTH CARE**

**Policy Priorities** 

Access to Health Insurance

#### **Additional Policies**

Expanded COBRA Coverage ... COBRA expansion for 29 months Healthcare Information Databases ... Does not have database

# **EDUCATION**

### **Policy Priorities**



Access to Quality K-12 Education Financial Education in Schools

College Savings Incentives

### **Additional Policies**

State-Funded Head Start ... No state supplement

Quality of State Pre-K Programs ... Established state program; \$2,514 per child enrolled; 3 of 10 quality standards met

Kindergarten Standards ... Half Day Kindergarten; no standards; no certificates or training required for teachers

State Financial Aid for Postsecondary Education ... \$795 per student; 25% need-based

TANF-Funded Workforce Training ... 0.9% of funds spent on training

WIA-Funded Workforce Training ... 78.9% of participants received training